Studies of rape victims recruited from college settings have found that many do not label their experience as rape. These victims have been described as being unacknowledged. The current study evaluated whether unacknowledged rape occurs among low-income women and assessed factors associated with unacknowledged rape. Out of a sample of 1,033 women, 167 reported having experienced rape. Thirty-four percent of victims were unacknowledged. Unacknowledged victims reported less violent assaults, more alcohol use prior to the assault, and were more likely to have been assaulted by a romantic partner. Unacknowledged victims also were less likely to have disclosed their rape experience and reported less feelings of stigma. Implications of the work for future studies of unacknowledged rape are discussed.